# Pruebas de Acceso a la Universidad Mayores de 25 Años Idioma: Inglés



Coordinación: Profa Lourdes Cerezo

UNIVERSIDAD DE **MURCIA** 

## Idioma: Inglés



### Vicerrectorado de Estudios

### Pruebas de Acceso a la Universidad para Mayores de 25 Años



Másteres

Doctorado

Innovación Educativa

**Estudios Propios** 

Homologación de estudios

Calidad

Normativa

Escuelas profesionales

Centros de estudios

Aula Senior

Centro de Formación y Desarrollo Profesional (CFDP)



### Acceso

El Real Decreto 412/2014, de 6 de junio, por el que se establece la normativa básica de los procedimientos de admisión a las enseñanzas universitarias oficiales de Grado, establece en su Capítulo IV los procedimientos de acceso y admisión para personas mayores de 25 años (Sección 1ª) y para personas mayores de 45 años (Sección 3ª).

Los requisitos para poder acceder por esta vía a la Universidad son en ambos casos:

- a) Cumplir o haber cumplido 25 o 45 años, según el caso, en el año natural en el que se celebre la prueba.
- b) No poseer ninguna titulación académica que de acceso a la Universidad por otras vías.

#### Prueba de acceso

- Legislación relacionada
- Descripción e instrucciones generales de la prueba para mayores de 25 años
- Descripción e instrucciones generales de la prueba para mayores de 45 años
- Materias y Coordinadores
- Exámenes de años anteriores
- La UMU no organiza cursos de preparación de estas pruebas, que sí son organizados por algunas academias privadas y centros públicos, como los Centros de Educación de Personas Adultas de la CARM y la Universidad Popular de Cartagena (dependiente del Ayuntamiento).

Edificio Rector Soler, planta baja, 30100 Campus de Espinardo (edf. nº 18).

Coordinación

Joaquín Lomba Maurandi

Administrativa

Gloria Navarro Alcaraz

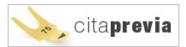
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¿Cómo Llegar?



PRUEBAS DE ACCESO DE MAYORES DE 25 Y 45 AÑOS - RECOMENCACIONES FRENTE A LA COVID-19



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## Idioma: Inglés





#### **PERFIL**

International Student



### Desarrollo de las pruebas del año 2020

- "Solicitud ver examen": Para evitar desplazamientos por la situación actual, se podrá solicitar "ver examen" en el plazo establecido, enviando por correo a paumayores@um.es la solicitud que encontrará en este enlace.
- Documento llamamiento-Aulas examen y punto de encuentro
- Protocolo COVID-19
- Resolución por la que se hace pública la lista PROVISIONAL de admitidos y excluidos Mayores 25/Mayores 45
- Resolución por la que se hace pública la lista DEFINITIVA de admitidos Mayores 25/Mayores
   45
- PORTAL mayores.um.es (matrícula, notas, citas entrevistas, reclamaciones y tarjetas de calificación).
- Convocatoria Oficial
- Guía para estudiantes
- Calendario
- Horario
- Instrucciones: Mayores de 25 // Mayores de 45
- Normas alumnado, con instrucciones para cumplimentar la cabecera del examen
- Lugar de celebración: Aulario Norte del Campus de Espinardo, edf. nº30. VER MAPA
- Consulta de notas (y cita para entrevistas, mayores de 45)
- Tarjeta oficial de calificaciones 2020 (disponibles desde el 17 de junio hasta el 31 de diciembre de 2020; se trata de un documento importante que debe ser conservado en papel y en formato electrónico).



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# Orden del día (18/11/2020):

- 1. Resultados PAU Mayores 25 Años 2020
- 2. Fechas y Modelo de Examen 2021

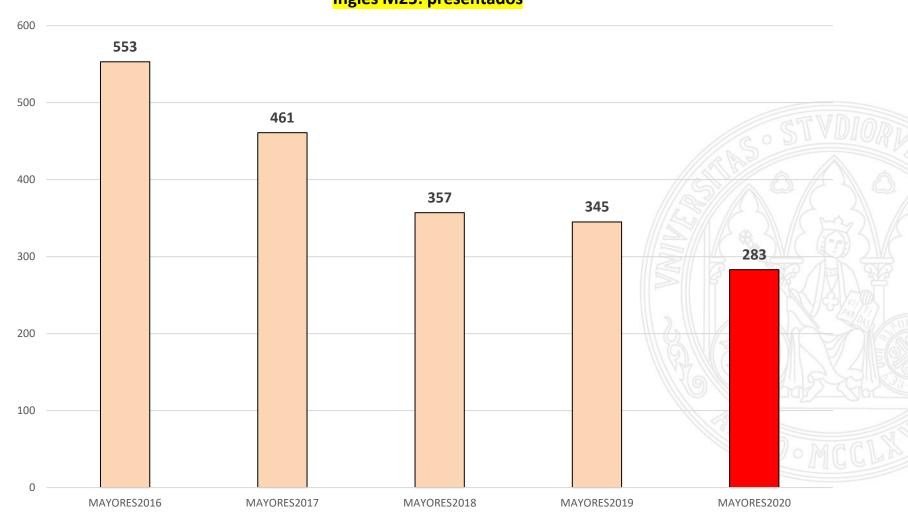
1. Resultados 2020 (2019) (2018) (2017)

- Alumnos presentados: **283** (345) (357) (461)
- Aptos: **53%** (46%) (52%) (35%)
- Calificación media: 5.07 (4.79) (5.00) (3.80)

# Idioma: Inglés







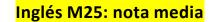
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Idioma: Inglés





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### UNIVERSIDAD DE MURCIA

# Primera Lengua Extranjera II (Inglés)

# 2. Fechas y Modelo Examen 2021

### Calendario Mayores 2020 a 2015:

2020: 03 al 05 junio

2019: 29 abril al 02 mayo

2018: 16 al 18 de abril

2017: 25 al 27 de abril

2016: 18 al 20 de abril

2015: 14 al 16 de abril



### MODELO DE EXAMEN\_CURSO 2020-2021

### **SECTION I: READING COMPREHENSION (2.5 marks)**

#### **Jeans**

Jeans are pants<sup>1</sup> made from denim. They were invented by Jacob W. Davis and Levi Strauss in 1873. Their name comes from the name of the city of Genoa (Italy), where the type of cotton employed to make denim was manufactured.

Levi Strauss came from Germany to New York in 1851 to join his older brother, who had a dry goods store<sup>2</sup>. In 1853, Strauss heard about the Gold Rush in California and moved to San Francisco to establish the western branch of the family's business. There he sold, among other things, cotton cloth<sup>3</sup>. One of his customers was Jacob W. Davis, a tailor from Nevada, who made functional items such as tents, horse blankets, and wagon covers. One day, one of Davis's customers ordered a pair of pants that could resist hard work. Davis made them from denim that he bought from Levi Strauss & Co., and made them stronger by adding copper rivets<sup>4</sup> where pants are more easily torn: pockets and flies. As Davis did not have the money to patent the idea, he asked Strauss to become partners and share the patent, which they obtained in 1873. After that, they opened a larger factory and that is how jeans were born.

Jeans were working clothes at first. They were made from durable materials and could last long. Men's jeans had the zipper at the front, while women's had it at the left side; both were designed in form of overalls<sup>5</sup>. In the 1950s, jeans without the bib<sup>6</sup> became symbol of youth rebellion after James Dean popularized them in "Rebel without a cause". Because of their meaning they were prohibited in schools, theaters, and restaurants. They became more acceptable in the 1960s and in the 1970s they were even fashionable. In 1965, a New York boutique was the first to wash a new pair of jeans to make them look used, decorated them with patches<sup>7</sup>, and sold them for \$200. The idea soon became a hit. With the passing of time, jeans have changed their appearance but have never gone out of style.

- <sup>1</sup> Pants: (Inglés americano) Pantalones.
- <sup>2</sup> Dry goods store: Tienda de productos no frescos (incluyendo alimentos y tejidos).
- <sup>3</sup> Cloth: Tela.
- 4 Copper rivets: Remaches de cobre.
- <sup>5</sup> Overalls: (Inglés americano) Peto/Mono.
- <sup>6</sup> Bib: La parte superior del peto/mono, que tiene forma de babero y cubre la parte central del torso.
- <sup>7</sup> Patch: Parche.



For each item (I.1. to I.5.), choose the correct answer (A, B, or C) and write it on your answer sheet. [Total: 2.5 marks (5x0.5 marks)]

### I.1. Choose the BEST option (A, B, or C):

- A) Denim was invented by Jacob W. Davis and Levi Strauss in 1873.
- B) Jeans have a European origin, as they were initially manufactured in Genoa (Italy).
- C) The cotton employed to make denim for jeans was originally manufactured in Europe.

### I.2. Choose the BEST option (A, B, or C):

- A) Levi Strauss arrived in New York from Germany with his older brother to open a dry goods store.
- B) Levi Strauss and Jacob W. Davis met in San Francisco, where both lived.
- C) Jacob W. Davis bought denim from Levi Strauss & Co. in order to make resistant pants.

### I.3. Choose the BEST option (A, B, or C):

- A) It was Strauss's idea to use copper rivets in pockets and flies.
- B) Copper rivets were used to make pockets and flies even more resistant.
- C) Levi Strauss & Co. made stronger pants than Jacob W. Davis.

#### II.4. ONE of the options below (A, B, or C) is FALSE. Which?

- A) Originally, jeans were made to be used at work.
- B) The first jeans were designed in the form of overalls.
- C) In the beginning, there was no difference between men's and women's jeans.

#### II.5. Choose the statement (A, B, or C) that BEST completes the following: Wearing jeans ...

- A) ... was once considered a sign of being young and rebel.
- B) ... began to be considered fashionable in the 1960s.
- C) ... was only allowed in restaurants, theaters and schools.

### **SECTION II: USE OF ENGLISH (3.5 marks)**

II.1. Put the verbs in brackets	in the correct tense.	. You <u>only</u> need to	complete 3 sentences	. Write your
answers on your answer sheet.	[0.75 marks (3x0.25 r	marks)]		

- II.1.1. Levi's jeans used to \_\_\_\_ (wear) by American cowboys. II.1.2. ... II.1.3. ...
- II.1.4. ... II.1.5. ...
- II.2. Complete each sentence with 1 adequate word. You only need to complete <u>3</u> sentences. Write your answer on your answer sheet. [0.75 marks (3x0.25 marks)]
- II.2.1. Levi Strauss was a Bavarian immigrant \_\_\_\_ arrived in San Francisco during the Gold Rush.
- II.2.2. ...
- II.2.3. ...
- II.2.4. ...
- II.2.5. ...

II.3. Rewrite the following sentences, changing the grammatical structure but maintaining the meaning. You <u>only</u> need to rewrite  $\underline{2}$  sentences. Write the new sentences on your answer sheet. [1 mark (2 sentences x0.5 marks)]

II.3.1. In the 1930s, many wo	men used men's 501 jeans.	
Men's 501 jeans		
II.3.2		
II.3.3		
II.3.4		

II.4. Vocabulary. For each set of words (Set 1, Set 2, Set 3 or Set 4), pick the odd word out. Choose only 2 sets of words. Write your answer on your answer sheet. [1 mark (2 sets x0.5 marks)]

(SET 1) 4.1. bra	cloth	raincoat	jeans
(SET 2) 4.2			
(SET 3) 4.3			
(SET 4) 4.4			

### SECTION III: Writing (4 marks)

Answer only <u>ONE</u> of the two questions below (III.1 or III.2). Express your ideas by using your own words (around 50-60 words). [Total: 4 marks (1 item x4 marks)]

**III.1.** Do you like wearing jeans? Whether you answer "yes" or "no", please, explain why. If you don't like wearing jeans, say which is (are) your favorite clothing item(s) and explain why.

III.2. ...

