

MobiAbility: A European standard on support measures in the EHEA for international students with disabilities

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Murcia City, founded by the Arabs in 825 AD is the Capital and main city (450,000 inhabitants). It is a services city and university town

University of Murcia in figures



INFORMATION

5 Campus

27925 Undergraduate students

2360 Master's degree students

2413 PhD students

2412 Professors

1226 Administrative Staff



COURSES

56 Undergraduate programmes

78 Master's degree programmes

29 PhD programmes

44 Universidad del Mar Courses



RESEARCH

337 Research Groups

4 Research university institutes

1500 WOS paper / year

242 Read thesis

26 Patents

6 Technology-based Business

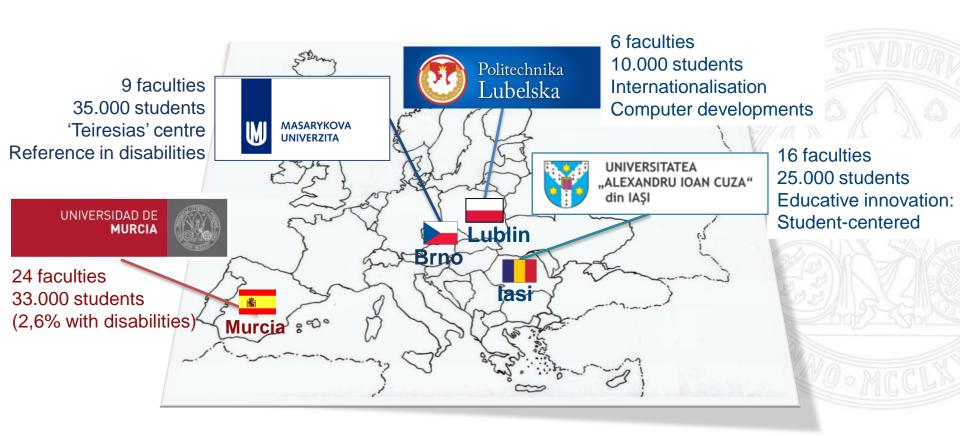
Basic data about the project



- Key Action 2: Cooperation for innovation and the exchange of good practices
 - Strategic Partnerships for Higher Education
 - Relevant horizontal priority: Inclusive education, training and youth
 - Background: Promoting the international mobility of people with disabilities contributes to their academic training and social inclusion.
- Duration: 36 months (2016-2019)
- Applicant (coordinator): University of Murcia



Universities





Foundations and NGOs



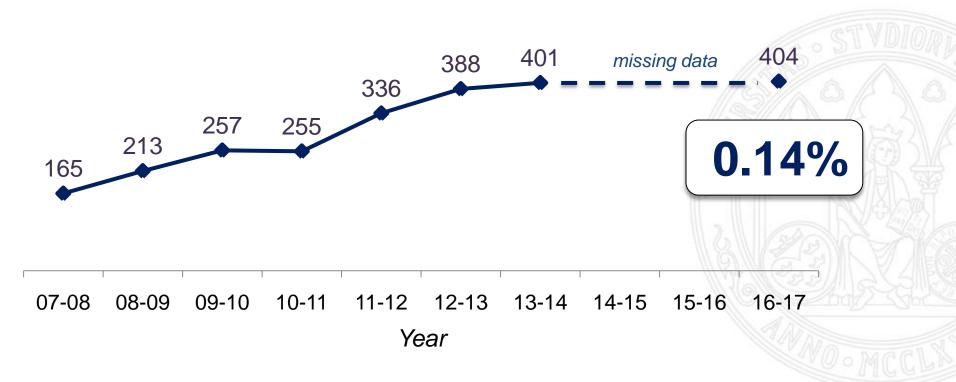
Background







Erasmus+ students with special needs



Sources:

- http://ec.europa.eu/programmes/erasmus-plus/about/statistics_en
- Erasmus+ Mobility of Students with Disability State-of-the-art report on the accessibility of exchange programs for students with visual impairment February 2016, in http://www.euroblind.org/media/ebu-media/soa final-version.pdf



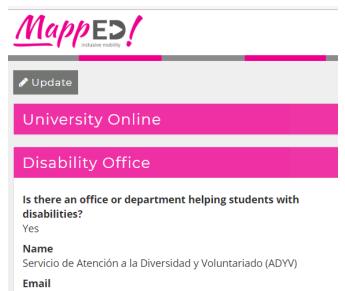
A clear disadvantage:

Evidence shows that students with low socioeconomic background or students with disabilities are less likely to participate in mobility programmes (Hauschildt et al., 2015; King, Findlay and Ahrens, 2010; Souto Otero, 2008), further deepening their already disadvantaged position among their peers.

Source:

European Commission/EACEA/Eurydice, 2016. Mobility Scoreboard: Higher Education Background Report. Eurydice Report. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union.

Some good practices



discapac.adyv@um.es

Website

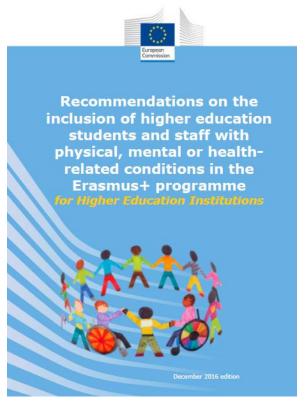
https://www.um.es/adyv/diversidad/discapacidad/apoyodiscapacidad.php

Phone

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Address

Unidad de Anovo a Estudiantes con Discanacidad v/o







But... If we see the reports from home universities

33 pages report on a specific learning difficulty

- Statements and aims
- Background information
- Effects of disability on study
- Assessment results
- Recommendations
- Supplier details (costs)
- Annexes

3 lines e-mail on a physical disability

- General description
- "He needs a wheelchair"

Possible causes

- a) High costs (Insufficient support)
- b) Lack of general information on the host centre
- c) Uncertainty on adaptations and accessibility
- d) Lack of personalised (not only academic) monitoring
- e) Others: family overprotection, medical impediments, etc.

Intellectual outcomes



Intellectual outcomes



Intellectual outcome 1: A European standard of measures and reasonable accommodations for mobility students with disabilities



Intellectual outcome 2: An online and multilingual platform that house a catalog of universities meeting the standard, and some tools for attention-to-diversity services and students

O1- Standard of measures

Juridical study on higher education and disability law of "Erasmus" countries



Empirical study: Survey of support measures

encuestas.um.es/encuestas/support_disab.cc



Expert evaluation





Objective

Analyzing the legal bases for the standard

- What do the national laws say about disabilities in the higher education?
- Are they general or specific?
- Do they regulate all dimensions of higher education (admission, mobility, teaching-leaning process, etc.) or only some of them?
- Are there more coincidences or more divergences across countries?

Method

Sample

- 21 countries were selected, which represent
- 95% of outgoing students
- 97% of incoming students
- 98% of incoming and outgoing students with disabilities

Objective

Knowing the measures European universities are already offering

- Comprehensive
- Specific and concrete
- By type of special needs



https://encuestas.um.es/encuestas/support_disab.ww

https://encuestas.um.es/encuestas/support_disab.cc

(review)

(fulfill)

EMPIRICAL STUDY (SURVEY)

SAMPLE

OAMI LL								
	PARTICIPANTS		Students in 2017	Students with special needs in 2017				
COUNTRY	N	Public Ownership	Mean	Mean	Mean percentage			
ESPAÑA	17	15	22809	299	1,2%			
ITALY	6	6	27607	408	1,5%			
GERMANY	2	1	2870	3	0,3%			
POLAND	2	2	27401	838	2,3%			
PORTUGAL	2	2	17650	118	0,7%			
CZECH REP.	1	1	40400	550	1,4%			
FRANCE	1	1	30803	533	1,7%			
TOTAL	31	28	24220	393	1,3%			

Objective

Having a subjective but expert opinion whether each item (measure) should be needed or recommended

- As a complement of the juridical and empirical studies
- Can tune some items

Method

Participants:

Partner	Number of judges/experts
UMU	5
CERMI-RM	5
F. ONCE	2
F. Universia	2
U. Masaryk	3
Total	17

Procedure: categorizing each item as mandatory/needed or recommended

Results: percentage of agreement as mandatory/needed

- We propose to consider as STANDARD (i.e, mandatory) the measures that:
 - a) Have a legal base. Reviewed state laws are not accurate and concrete, so this information cannot say anything about one specific item or items but it can about an area of interest (accessibility, evaluation, etc.)
 - Are currently highly implemented by universities. The measure is consider a standard if <u>at least 1/2 of the participating universities are already</u> <u>implementing it</u>
 - c) Are mentioned as <u>mandatory by at least 2/3 of the experts</u> (even if the criterion a) is not accomplished)
- The rest of measures are considered as RECOMMENDATIONS



BLOCK I. RESOURCES, MEASURES AND ACTIONS TO SUPPORT		
ERASMUS+ STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES AND/OR LEARNING		
DISORDERS		Recommendation
1. ACCESS TO THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME	(n items)	(n items)
2. PHYSICAL ACCESSIBILITY TO UNIVERSITY FACILITIES	38	2
3. TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION ACCESSIBILITY	10	0
4. SUPPORT RESOURCES AND REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS WITHIN	10	<u> </u>
THE TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION PROCESSES	105	17
General measures for any type of disability and/or learning disorder		
Specific measures for students with visual sensory impairment		
Specific measures for students with hearing impairment		
Specific measures for students with deaf-blindness		
Specific measures for students with physical and/or organic disabilities		
Specific measures for students with learning disorders		
Specific measures for students with learning disorders		
Specific measures for students with intellectual disability		
5. PROGRAMS FOR PROMOTING PARTICIPATION	17	0
6. SCHOLARSHIPS AND GRANTS FOR FEES AND OTHER NEEDS	12	1
BLOCK II. MANAGEMENT PROCESSES OF THE SUPPORT	35	7
SERVICES	33	1
BLOCK II. ASSESSMENT OF THE PROGRAMME BY THE STUDENT	2	1
WITH DISABILITIES AND/OR LEANING DISORDERS		
TOTAL	222	28





	A	В	С	D	Е	F			
	BLOCK I. RESOURCES, MEASURES AND ACTIONS TO SUP	PORT ERASMUS+	STUDENTS W	ITH DISABILIT	IES				
	AND/OR LEARNING DISORDERS								
	4. SUPPORT RESOURCES AND REASONABLE ACCOMMODATIONS WITHIN THE TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION PRO								
	Regulation at state level reviewed by MobiAbility	Regulation	reported by uni	versities					
	Teaching-learning process: Assistance and support, and reasonab	istance and support, and reasonable accommodations			University level				
	60% consider in their regulations the need to make reasonable accommodations in the teachi			O 74%					
	particular, personalized advice, adaptation of procedures, possibility of increasing the budge								
	this purpose, and others are mentioned.	<u> </u>	45%						
	24% include normative provisions on special or additional academic support, such as a spec	ial tutor, specific academic							
	guidance, free textbooks, etc.					1			
)	Evaluation and exams: Assistance and support, and reasonable	At state level	At region level	University level					
	53% regulate, with greater or lesser precision and amplitude, measures and adaptations for				Ţ				
	range from generic provisions to more specific and deep ones such as the exemption of per exams, technical aids such as keyboards or calculators, longer time for taking exams, or ada	64%	36%	700/					
	exam.	as or calculators, longer time for taking exams, or adapting to a written or oral			76%				
1	Only 12% specifically regulate special measures for reviewing or claiming evaluations.	cifically regulate special measures for reviewing or claiming evaluations.							
;									
-	General measures for any type of disability and/or learning d	isorder							
	Standard measures (S) and recomendations (R)	Current implementation	N	Expert agreement	Involved agents	Responsibl e agents			
	Adaptation of educational materials and access to information								
	S-4.1. Books or lecture notes	90%	30	0 100%					
	S-4.2. Audio recorded books or lecture notes	O 68%	31	O 57%					
	S-4.3. Supplementary teaching materials (notes, outlines, etc.)	O 67%	30	86%					
۰,	S-4.4. Lesson audio recording is allowed (only lessons by teachers)	90%	30	O 57%					
\rightarrow	S-4.5. Lesson video recording is allowed (only lessons by teachers)	53%	30	O 57%					
	S-4.6. Online teaching (Lecturer's classroom computer shares	50%	30	○ E70/					
۷	► ► 1.ACCESS 2.PHYSICAL ACCESSIBILITY 3.TECH&INFO ACCESSIBILITY	4.TEACH-LEARN&EVAL	5.PARTICIPATION	57%		1			





92									
93	93 Specific measures for students with visual sensory impairment								
94	Standard measures (S) and recomendations (R)	imple	Current ementation	N		a	Expert greement	Involved agents	Responsibl e agents
95	<u> </u>								
96	S-4.52. Reading lamp or point of light		84%	31			100%		
97	S-4.53. Lectern		81%	31			100%		
98	S-4.54. Audio recorder		87%	31			100%		
99	S-4.55. Additional table for technical aids		83%	30			100%		
100	S-4.56. Guide Dog		77%	31			100%		
101	S-4.57. Screen magnification software		81%	31			100%		
102	S-4.58. Voice-adapted software		80%	30			100%		
103	S-4.59. Laptop or tablet		87%	31			100%		Į.
104	S-4.60. Braille Line		80%	30			100%		
105	Adapted teaching materials								\
106	S-4.61. Braille documents	0	60%	30			86%		\
107	S-4.62. Large print in paper documents	0	94%	31			100%		
108	S-4.63. Video audio-description	0	47%	30			86%		<u> </u>
109	S-4.64. High contrast or customised colour contrast		83%	30			100%		Ÿ
110	S-4.65. Verbal description of images	0	74%	31			100%		1
111	S-4.66. Accessible formats in online communications (e-mail, readable PDF, etc.)	•	93%	30	(100%		
112									
113	Specific measures for students with hearing impairment								
	Standard measures (S) and recomendations (R)		urrent	N			Expert	Involved	Responsibl
114	Standard measures (3) and recomendations (K)	imple	ementation			a	greement	agents	e agents
115	Technical aids or communication systems are offered to borrow	or to b	e used in the	classroor	n:				
116	S-4.67. FM station	0	68%	31	()	71%		
117	S-4.68. Magnetic loop	0	63%	30			100%		
118	S-4.69.Microphone		86%	28	()	71%		
119	S-4.70. Lip reading		80%	30	(100%		
120	S-4.71.Sign Language Interpreter (Sign Language of the host country)		87%	31	(100%		
14 -	S.4.72. There should be a hearing loop at counters, auditoriums,	RII ITY	4000/ 4 ΤΕΔCH-I ΕΔ	DN&FVAI	S PAR	пс	1000/	4	







www.mobiability.eu



mobiability@um.es



@MobiAbility_Pro







Transversal benefit



Students with disabilities in the EHEA



Attention-to-diversity Services, International Offices, etc.



Academics staff



Politicians, institutions, social organizations







Use of results

- Public, for free and downloadable
- Translated to the main European languages (English, Spanish, Italian, German, and French)
- Shared with European institutions and social organisations













Thank you very much!

